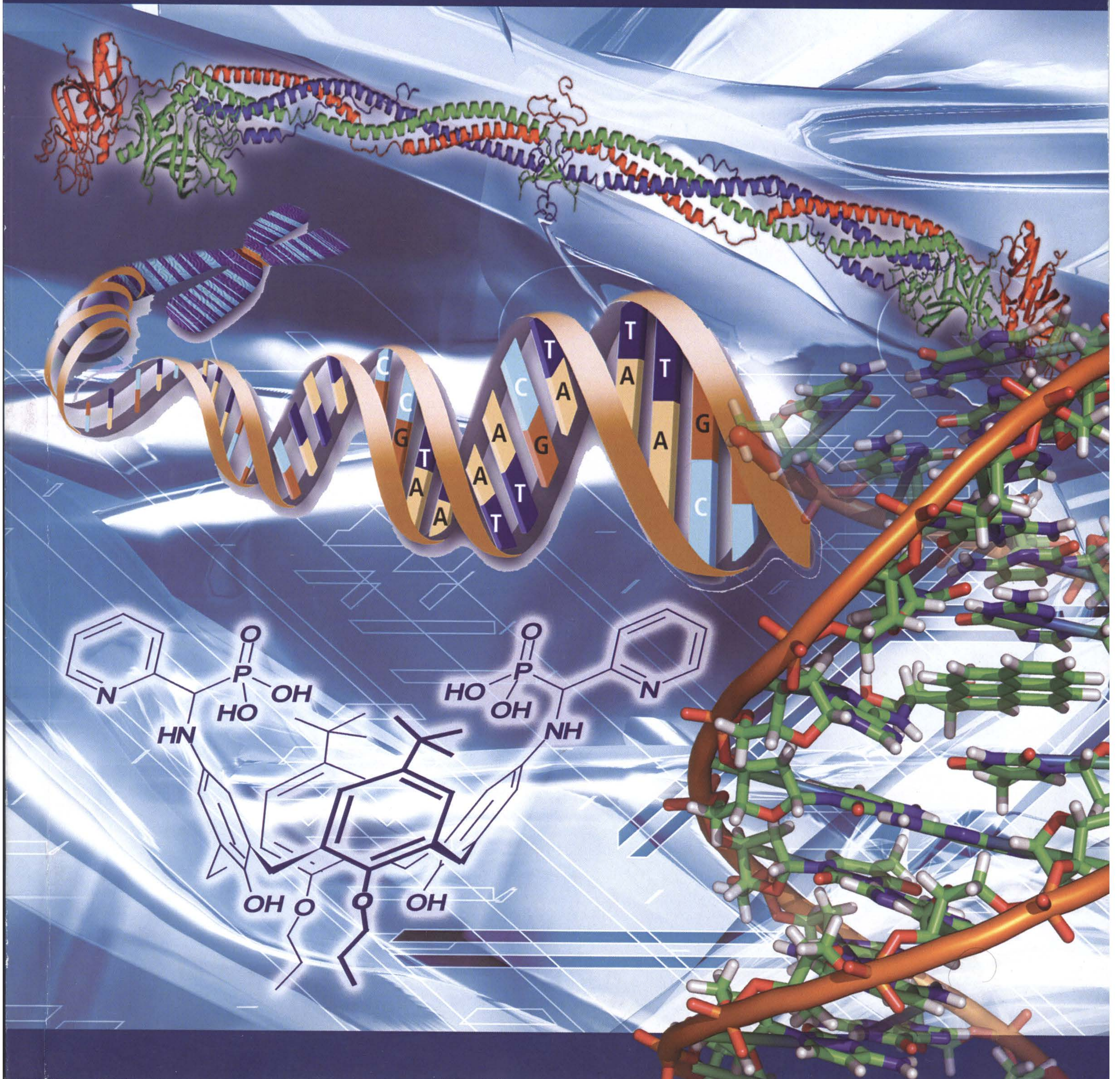


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**MOLECULAR DYNAMICS OF HUMAN TYROSYL-tRNA
SYNTHETASE ACTIVE CENTER IN THE COMPLEX
WITH TYROSYL-ADENYLATE**

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Tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase (TyrRS) is a key enzyme of protein biosynthesis, which catalyzes the aminoacylation of tRNA^{Tyr} via tyrosyl-adenylate intermediate formation. Once formed, the aminoacyl-adenylate is stabilized by specific interactions at the enzyme active site.

In this work we have studied the conformational changes in human tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase induced by tyrosyl-adenylate formation using computational MD simulations.

Three-dimensional structure of the complex of full-length HsTyrRS with tyrosyl-adenylate and K⁺ ion was constructed in Modeller 9.7 using structure templates from RCSB PDB. The 100 ns MD simulations were performed in grid environment using the services of MolDynGrid virtual laboratory (<http://moldyngrid.org/>) and computed using NAMD 2.10 software in Charmm27 force field. The Distributed Analyzer Script was used for analytical tools automation (Savytskyi et al, 2011).

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СТРУКТУРА, ВЛАСТИВОСТІ ТА ФУНКЦІЇ БІОЛОГІЧНИХ МАКРОМОЛЕКУЛ...

Root mean square deviation (RMSD) analysis revealed relaxation period after 20 ns of MD simulation time. It was found that tyrosyl-adenylate bound at the active site via hydrogen bonds interactions with more than 10% of time: Thr42 – 76.08%, Asp173 – 76.08%, Tyr39 – 71.24%, Trp40 – 46.14%, Gln170 – 42.46%, Ala43 – 16.85%, Asn212 – 16.33% and Val215 – 13.49%. The lowest values (~ 0.06 nm) of root mean square fluctuation (RMSF) in active site were observed for the catalytic KMSSS loop in monomer A in the complex with substrate, while in monomer B in the absence of substrate they were much higher (~ 0.2 nm). The α -helix and β -turn formations in Asp343 – Asp369 region were revealed for 5-90 ns time interval at the interdomain linker.

The conformational changes both at the active site and at the interdomain linker of human tyrosyl-tRNA synthetase in the complex with tyrosyl-adenylate were observed during MD simulations. The active site of monomer A in the complex revealed more compact conformation with lower values of RMSF in comparison with free monomer B. Some local conformational changes, i.e. antiparallel β -sheet and β -turn formations have been observed at the linker.

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